

Nov. 27, 2001
[S. Con. Res. 82]

2002 WINTER OLYMPICS TORCH RELAY—CAPITOL GROUNDS AUTHORIZATION

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION OF THE RUNNING OF 2002 WINTER OLYMPICS TORCH RELAY ONTO THE CAPITOL GROUNDS.

On December 21, 2001, or on such other date as the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate may jointly designate, the 2002 Winter Olympics Torch Relay (in this resolution referred to as the “event”) may come onto the Capitol Grounds as part of the ceremony of the 2002 Winter Olympic Games to be held in Salt Lake City, Utah.

SEC. 2. RESPONSIBILITY OF CAPITOL POLICE BOARD.

The Capitol Police Board shall take such actions as may be necessary to carry out the event.

SEC. 3. CONDITIONS RELATING TO PHYSICAL PREPARATIONS.

The Architect of the Capitol may prescribe conditions for physical preparations for the event.

SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT OF RESTRICTIONS.

The Capitol Police Board shall provide for enforcement of the restrictions contained in section 4 of the Act of July 31, 1946 (40 U.S.C. 193d; 60 Stat. 718), concerning sales, advertisements, displays, and solicitations on the Capitol Grounds, as well as other restrictions applicable to the Capitol Grounds, with respect to the event.

Agreed to November 27, 2001.

Dec. 7, 2001
[H. Con. Res. 90]

“HISPANIC AMERICANS IN CONGRESS”—HOUSE PRINT

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. PRINTING OF REVISED VERSION OF “HISPANIC AMERI- CANS IN CONGRESS”.

An updated version of House Document 103–299, entitled “Hispanic Americans in Congress” (as revised by the Library of Congress), shall be printed as a House document by the Public Printer, with illustrations and suitable binding, under the direction of the Committee on House Administration of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. NUMBER OF COPIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), in addition to the usual number, there shall be printed 30,700 copies of the document referred to in section 1, of which—

(1) 25,000 shall be for the use of the Committee on House Administration of the House of Representatives; and

(2) 5,700 shall be for the use of the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate.

(b) **ALTERNATIVE NUMBER.**—If the total printing and production costs of the number of copies provided under subsection (a) exceed \$220,000, there shall be printed the maximum number of copies of the document referred to in section 1 for which such total costs do not exceed \$220,000, with distribution allocated in the same proportion as in subsection (a).

Agreed to December 7, 2001.

“OUR FLAG”—HOUSE PRINT

Dec. 7, 2001
[H. Con. Res. 244]

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

SECTION 1. PRINTING OF REVISED EDITION OF “OUR FLAG”.

A revised edition of the publication entitled “Our Flag”, revised under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, shall be printed as a House document.

SEC. 2. NUMBER OF COPIES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), there shall be printed a number of copies of the publication described in section 1 as follows:

(1) 250,000 for the use of the House of Representatives, distributed in equal numbers to each Member of the House and each Delegate and Resident Commissioner to the Congress.

(2) 51,500 for the use of the Senate, distributed in equal numbers to each Senator.

(3) 2,000 for the use of the Joint Committee on Printing.

(4) 1,400 for distribution to the depository libraries.

(b) **ALTERNATIVE NUMBER.**—If the total printing and production costs of the number of copies provided under subsection (a) exceed \$150,000, there shall be printed the maximum number of copies of the publication described in section 1 for which such total costs do not exceed \$150,000, with distribution allocated in the same proportion as in subsection (a).

Agreed to December 7, 2001.

LAO-HMONG RECOGNITION DAY—SUPPORT

Dec. 10, 2001
[H. Con. Res. 88]

Whereas the Lao-Hmong, which means “free people”, are Laotian members of the Hmong tribe and are noted for their warrior tradition, loyalty, and bravery;

Whereas beginning in 1960 the United States recruited thousands of the Lao-Hmong to fight against the Communist Pathet Lao and North Vietnamese Army regulars in Laos;

Whereas the United States relied heavily on the Lao-Hmong Special Guerrilla Units to engage in direct combat with North Vietnamese troops from 1960 to 1975;

Whereas the Lao-Hmong conducted tactical guerrilla actions, flew thousands of deadly combat missions in support of the Armed Forces and the Central Intelligence Agency, and fought in conventional and guerrilla combat clashes with extreme casualties;